

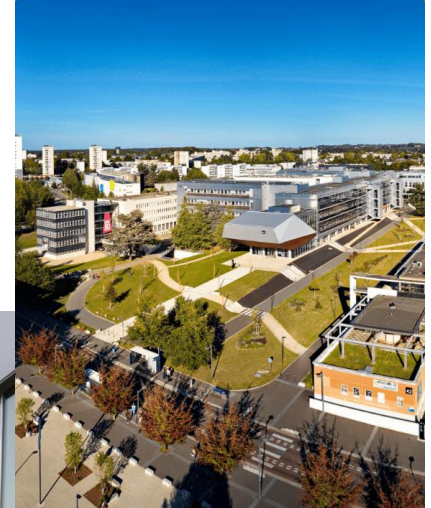
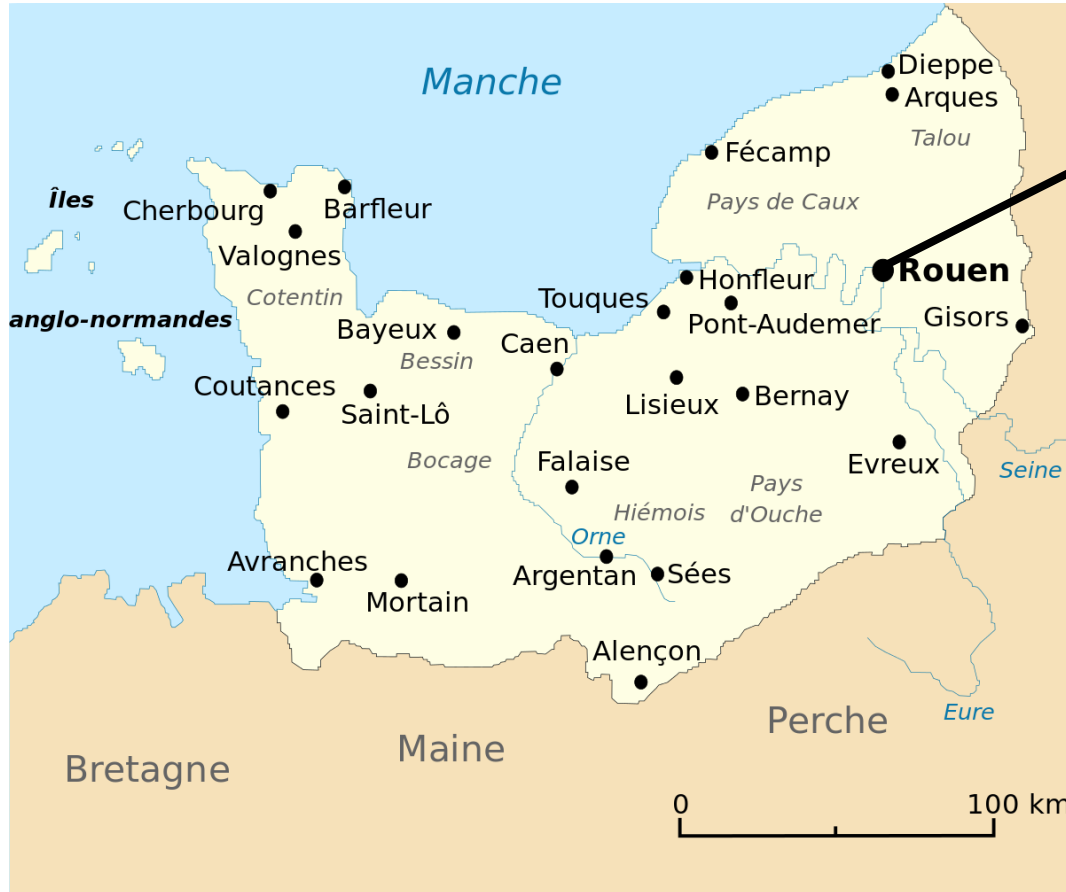
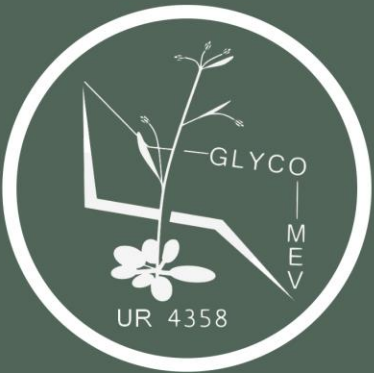


# Glycomolécules et biostimulants : de la sweet immunité à la sweet biostimulation

**Dr. Isabelle Boulogne, MCU-HDR**  
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# GlycoMEV : Glycobiologie et Matrice Extracellulaire Végétale



CURIB : Centre de Recherche et d'Innovation en Biologie



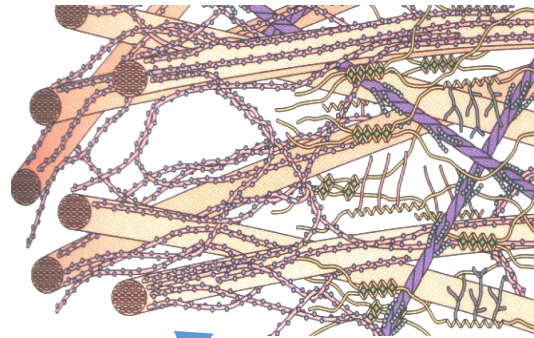
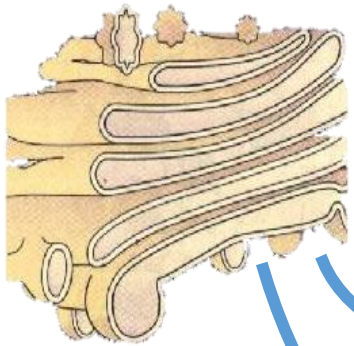
<http://glycomev.univ-rouen.fr/>

## Structure, Biosynthèse et Fonctions des Glycomolécules

Appareil de Golgi

Intérieur

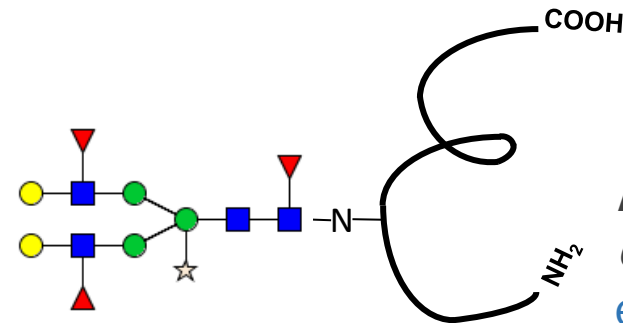
Paroi



**Polysaccharides complexes**

Pectines (HG, RG-I and RG-II)

Hémicelluloses (Xyloglucane, Xylane...)



*N*-Glycoprotéines

*O*-Glycoprotéines

extensine, ArabinoGalactan-Protéines (AGPs)

# Notre Recherche : 1 équipe – 4 thématiques



## **Thème 1 : Glycomolécules et défense racinaire**

(Pl. Dr. Marie-Laure Follet-Gueye and Pr. Maïté Vicré)

Fonction des sécrétions racinaires en réponse aux stress abiotiques et aux microorganismes du sol

## **Thème 2 : Glycomolécules et croissance**

(Pl. Pr. Arnaud Lehner and Pr. Jean-Claude Mollet)

Localisation et fonctions des polysaccharides de la paroi lors la croissance (adhésion, élongation, signalisation ...)

## **Thème 3 : Biosynthèse et sécrétion de glycoprotéines dans les microalgues pour la production de biomédicaments**

(Pl. Pr. Muriel Bardor)

Caractérisation des acteurs moléculaires impliqués dans la biosynthèse des glycoprotéines chez les microalgues

## **Thème 4 : Glycomolécules et Biostimulants**

(Pl. Dr. Isabelle Boulogne)

Etude moléculaire des mécanismes d'action de biostimulants et SNUB à base de glycopolymères en conditions de stress abiotiques

## Thème 4 : Glycomolécules et Biostimulants

(Pl. Dr. Isabelle Boulogne)

Etude moléculaire des mécanismes d'action de biostimulants et SNUB à base de glycopolymères en conditions de stress abiotiques

Plantes d'intérêts



Soja



Maïs



Tomate



Lin

Zones étudiées



Parties aériennes et  
racinaires

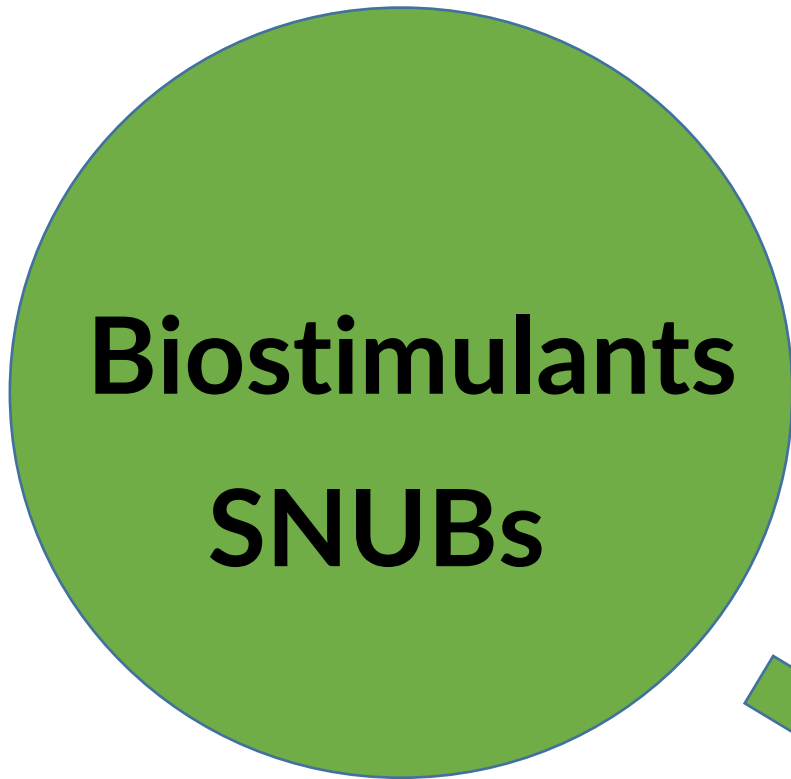


Stress abiotiques



Déficit hydrique

# Biostimulants et SNUB



Allégations



Qualité des produits

Efficience de la nutrition  
ou la disponibilité des  
éléments nutritifs du sol

Tolérance aux stress abiotiques

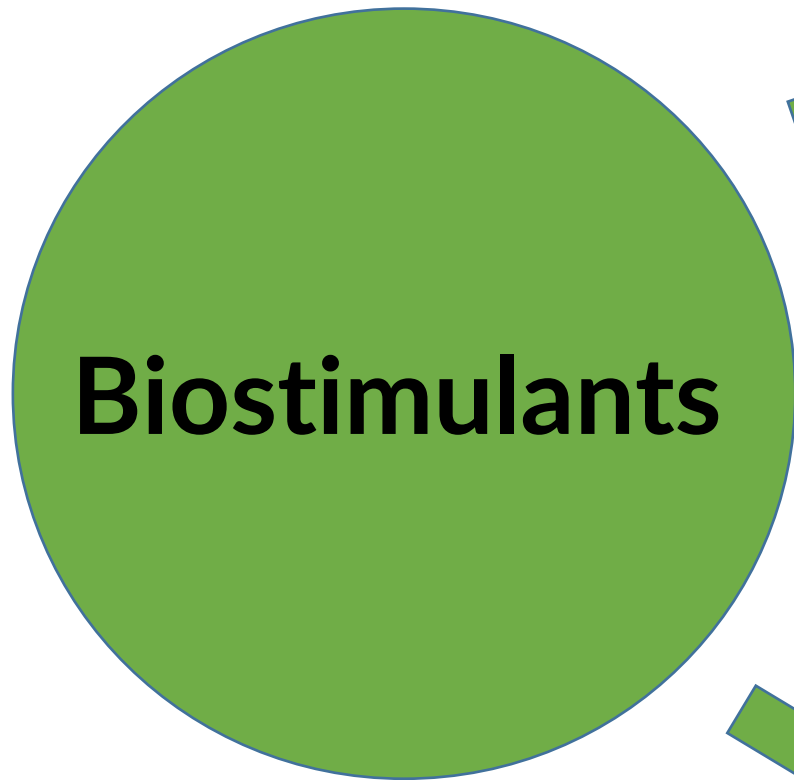


Règlement UE 2019/1009

Décret du 27 avril 2016

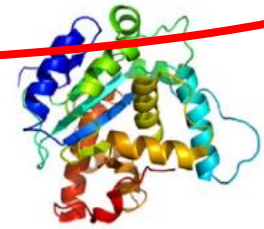
Arrêté du 14 juin 2021

# Biostimulants et SNUB



Substances humiques

Aminoacides et dérivés protéiques



Molécules inorganiques non nutritives **Al, Co, Se, Si,...**

Microorganismes



Extraits de plantes terrestres et d'algues



Biostimulants d'intérêt au sein de l'axe.

# Biostimulants et SNUB



**SNUB**  
(substances  
naturelles à usage  
biostimulant)

## Extraits de plantes terrestres et d'algues

Plantes médicinales  
de la Pharmacopée  
française

Plantes de  
l'alimentation animale  
ou humaine



Extraits d'origine  
animale

Extraits d'origine  
minérale

Décret du 27 avril 2016  
Arrêté du 14 juin 2021

  
SNUB d'intérêt au sein de l'axe.

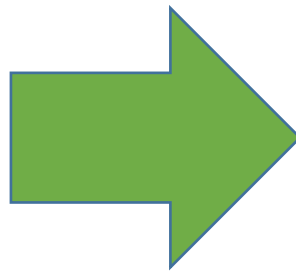


# Biostimulants et SNUB



**SNUB**

**Extraits de plantes  
terrestres et d'algues  
Substances humiques  
Microorganismes  
Biostimulants**



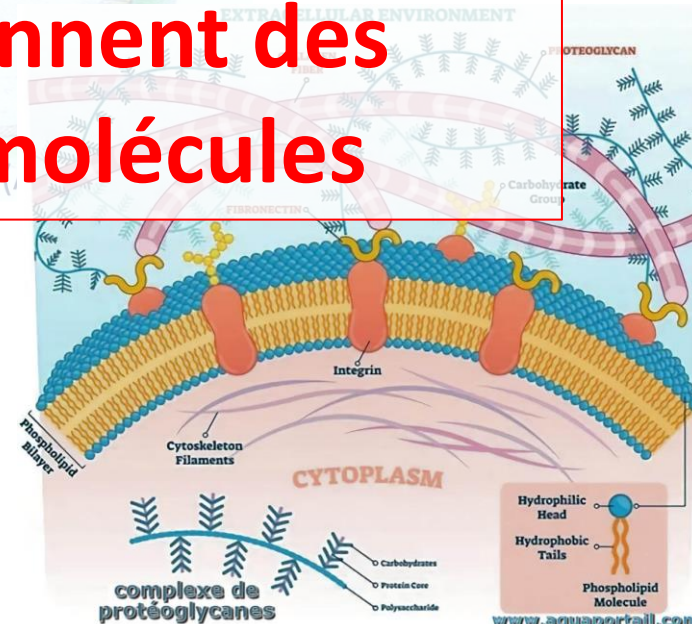
## Polysaccharides (PS)

- Cellulose
- Non cellulosic PS  
Hemicelluloses (Xyloglucan)  
Pectines (HG, RGI et RGI)

## Proteoglycans

- Arabinogalactan proteins

**Contiennent des  
glycomolécules**



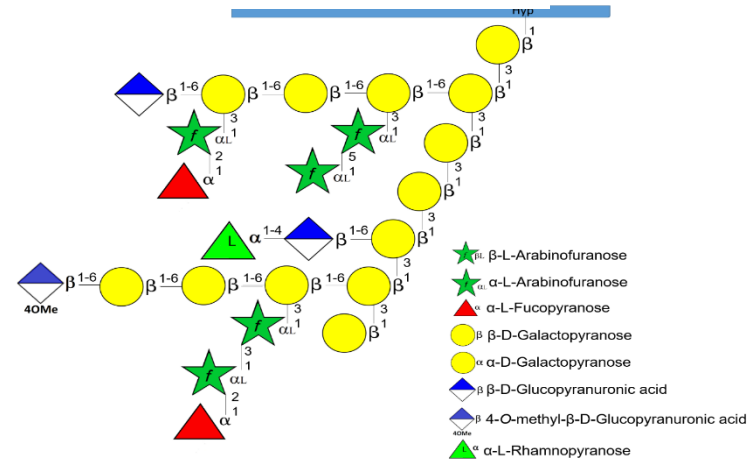
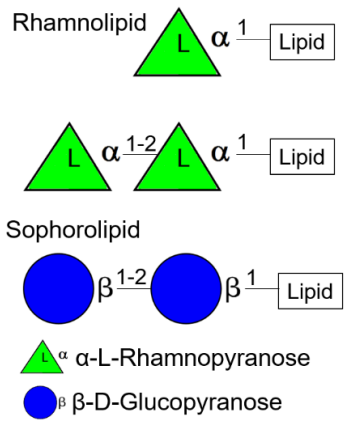
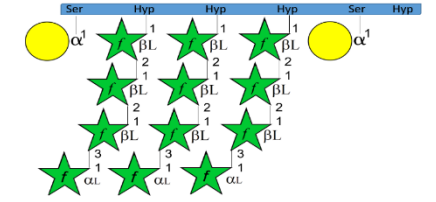
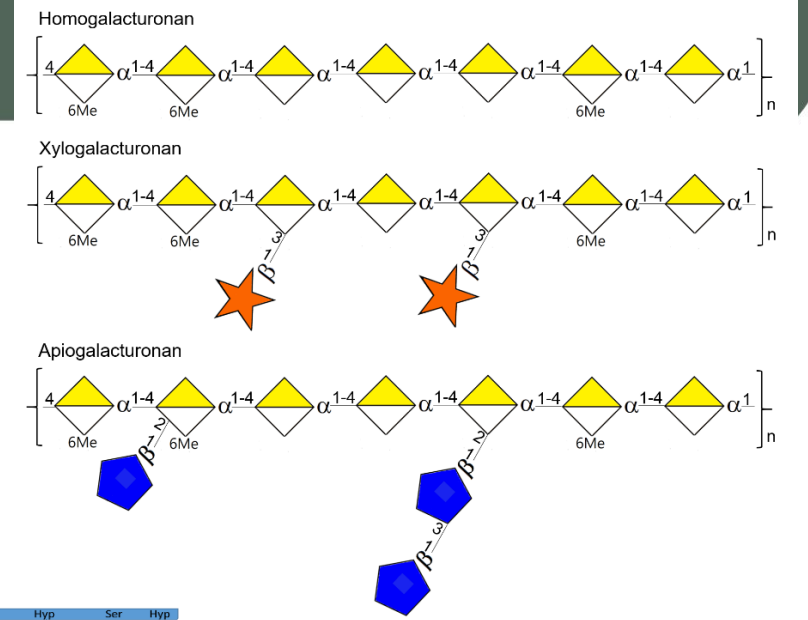
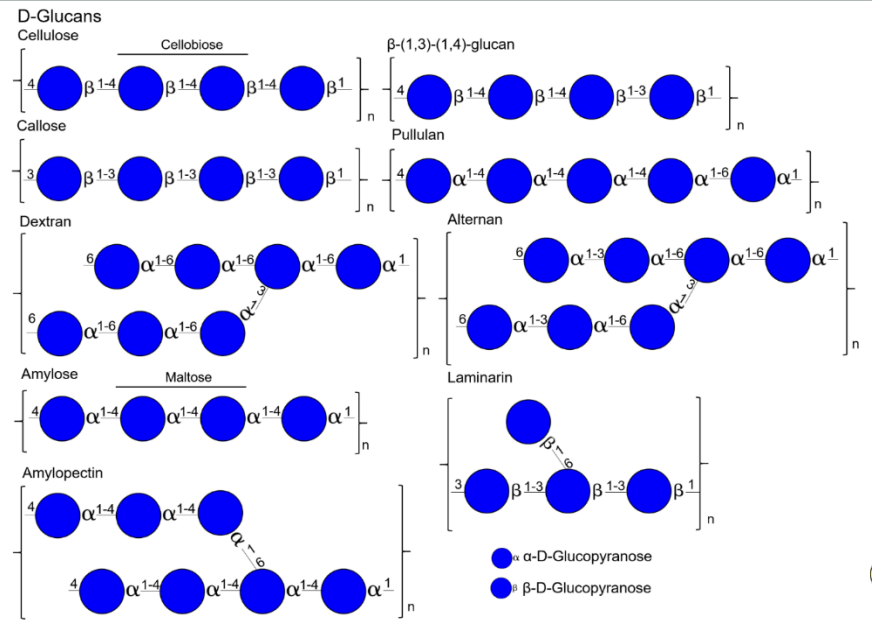
# Glycomolécules



Polysaccharides

Glycoproteins

Glycolipids





## **Glycomolécules en tant que biostimulants:**

- Peu d'études disponibles
- Surtout sur les polysaccharides algaux

# Glycomolécules et biostimulants



## Polysaccharides algaux

Laminaran

Alginate and oligoalginates

Ulvan

Fucoidan

Carrageenan

Agar



Foliar spraying



Seed, fruit and flower coating



Culture substrate incorporation



Germination



Plant growth



Flowering and fruiting



Nutrient uptake



Abiotic stress tolerance



## **Glycomolécules en tant que biostimulants:**

- Peu d'études disponibles
- Surtout sur les polysaccharides algaux
- Sans afficher la notion de “biostimulant”, études sur les effets sur l'efficacité de la nutrition, sur la croissance des plantes ou la tolérance aux stress abiotiques.

# Glycomolécules et biostimulants



## Autres polysaccharides

EPS

Gellan and oligo-gellan

Chitosan et chitin

Starch

Cellulose and oligomer

Oligoxyloglucans

Xylo-oligosaccharides

Pectins and derived oligosaccharides



Foliar spraying



Seed, fruit and flower coating



Culture substrate incorporation



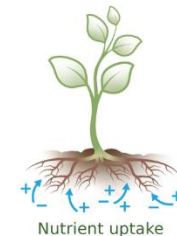
Germination



Plant growth



Flowering and fruiting



Nutrient uptake



Abiotic stress tolerance

# Glycomolécules et biostimulants



## Glycoprotéines



Foliar spraying



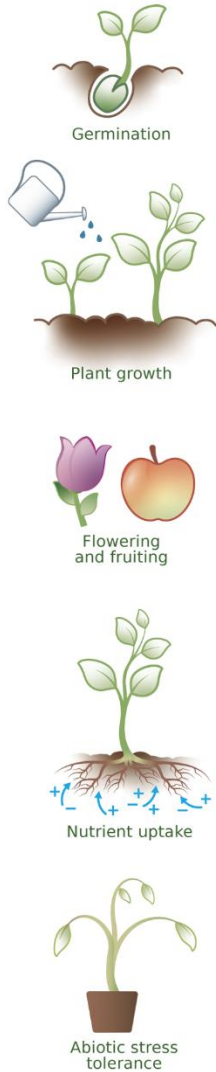
Seed, fruit and flower coating



Culture substrate incorporation

Fungal N-linked glycoproteins  
(glomalin-related soil protein)

AGPs and plant gum polysaccharides



# Glycomolécules et biostimulants



**Glycolipides**



**Foliar spraying**

**LPS**

**Rhamnolipids**

**Sophorolipids**



**Seed, fruit and flower coating**



**Culture substrate incorporation**



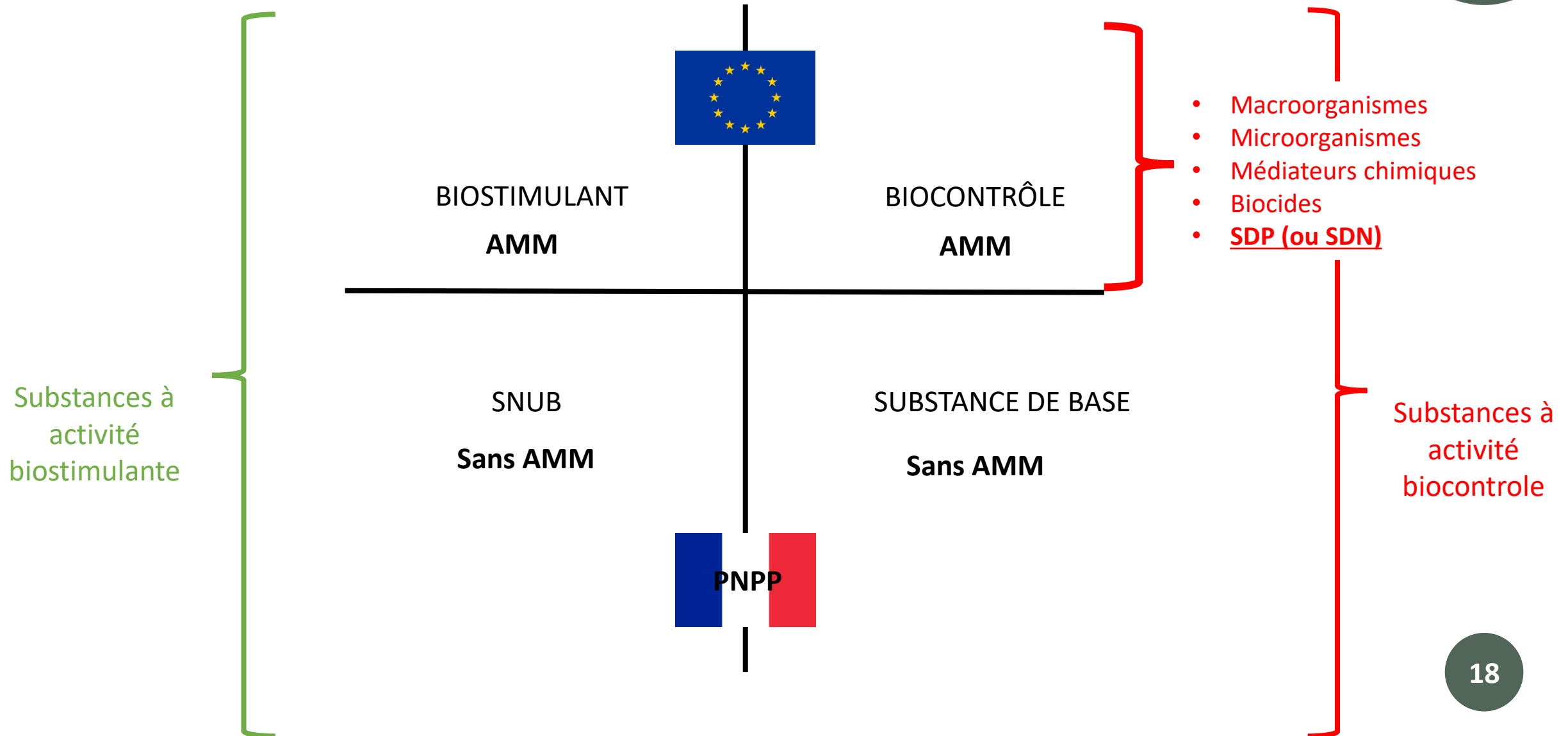


# Mode d'action glycomolécules?



- Nombreuses glycomolécules connues pour activité SDP
- $\beta$ -glucans, laminarin, chitin and chitosan, oligogalacturonides, alginates, carrageenans,...
- Mode d'action glycomolécules biostimulantes  $\neq$  des glycomolécules SDP?

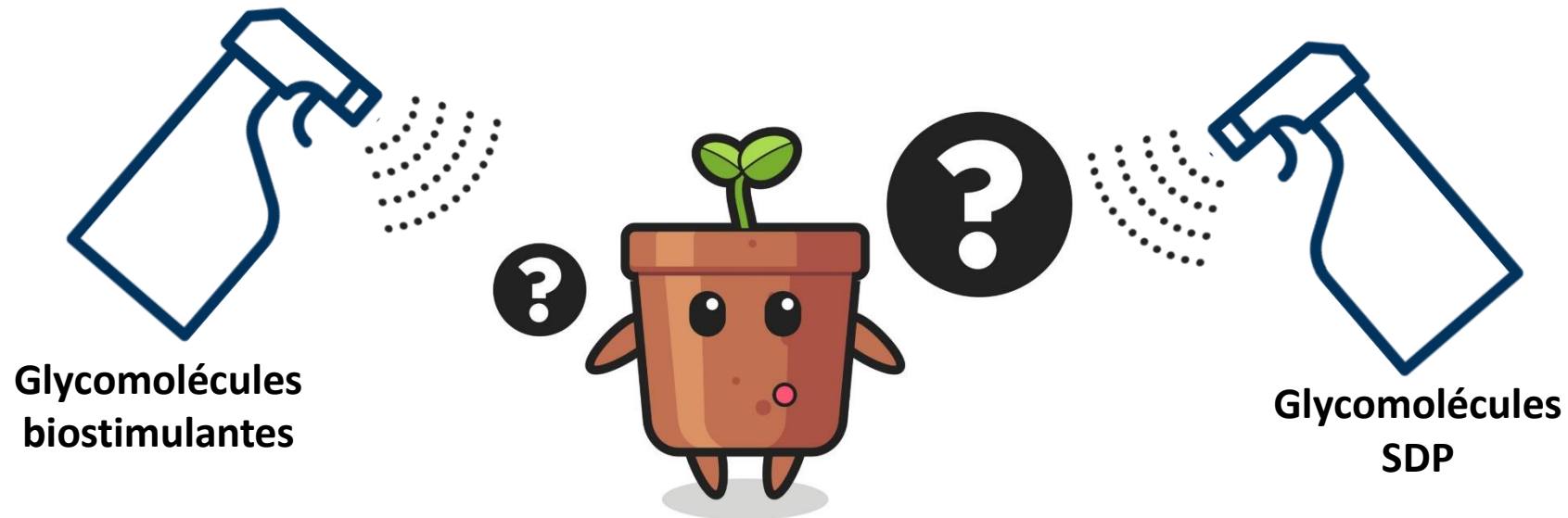
# Point réglementaire actuel



# Mode d'action glycomolécules?



- Dans la réalité cellulaire/moléculaire de la plante, la distinction est probablement moins tranchée....



# Mode d'action glycomolécules?



## Level Phenological

1. Seed germination



2. Plant growth



3. Flowering and fruiting



4. Nutrient Uptake



5. Abiotic stress tolerance



# Mode d'action glycomolécules?



## Level Phenological

### 1. Seed germination



### 2. Plant growth



### 3. Flowering and fruiting



### 4. Nutrient Uptake



### 5. Abiotic stress tolerance



## Sweet Biostimulant

1. rhamnolipids, chitosan, chitin, laminaran, alginates and oligo-alginates, ulvans, pectins and derived oligosaccharides

2. EPS, gellan gum and oligo-gellan, LPS, rhamnolipids, chitosan, chitin, laminaran, ulvans, agar, starch, fungal glycoproteins, sophorolipids, laminaran, alginates and oligo-alginates, ulvans, carrageenans, microalgal polysaccharides, oligomers of cellulose, oligoxyloglucans, xylooligosaccharides, pectins and derived oligosaccharides, AGP-rich extracts






3. alginate and oligoalginates, xylooligosaccharides, fungal glycoproteins, xylooligosaccharides

4. gellan gum and oligo-gellan, chitosan, chitin, ulvans, carrageenans, microalgal polysaccharides, pectins and derived oligosaccharides

5. EPS, gellan gum and oligo-gellan, chitosan, chitin, fungal glycoproteins, sophorolipids, laminaran, alginates and oligo-alginates, ulvans, fucoidans, carrageenans, agar, microalgal polysaccharides, oligoxyloglucans, xylooligosaccharides

# Mode d'action glycomolécules?



Level Phenological	Sweet Immunity	Sweet Biostimulant
<p><b>1. Seed germination</b></p> <p><b>2. Plant growth</b></p> <p><b>3. Flowering and fruiting</b></p> <p><b>4. Nutrient Uptake</b></p> <p><b>5. Abiotic stress tolerance</b></p>	 <p>Germination</p>  <p>Plant growth</p>  <p>Flowering and fruiting</p>  <p>Nutrient uptake</p>  <p>Abiotic stress tolerance</p> <p style="text-align: center; color: red;">No data</p>	<p>1. rhamnolipids, chitosan, chitin, laminaran, alginates and oligo-alginates, ulvans, pectins and derived oligosaccharides</p> <p>2. EPS, gellan gum and oligo-gellan, LPS, rhamnolipids, chitosan, chitin, laminaran, ulvans, agar, starch, fungal glycoproteins, sophorolipids, laminaran, alginates and oligo-alginates, ulvans, carrageenans, microalgal polysaccharides, oligomers of cellulose, oligoxyloglucans, xylooligosaccharides, pectins and derived oligosaccharides, AGP-rich extracts</p> <p>3. alginate and oligoalginates, xylooligosaccharides, fungal glycoproteins, xylooligosaccharides</p> <p>4. gellan gum and oligo-gellan, chitosan, chitin, ulvans, carrageenans, microalgal polysaccharides, pectins and derived oligosaccharides</p> <p>5. EPS, gellan gum and oligo-gellan, chitosan, chitin, fungal glycoproteins, sophorolipids, laminaran, alginates and oligo-alginates, ulvans, fucoidans, carrageenans, agar, microalgal polysaccharides, oligoxyloglucans, xylooligosaccharides</p>

# Mode d'action glycomolécules?



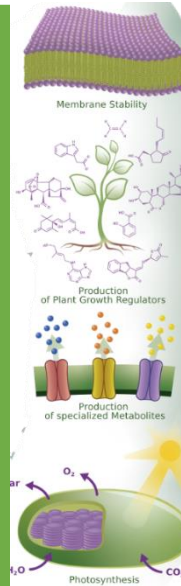
## Level Tissular/Cellular

6. Membrane Stability

7. Production of specialized Metabolites

8. Production of Plant Growth Regulators

9. Photosynthetic Pigments and Photosynthesis



# Mode d'action glycomolécules?



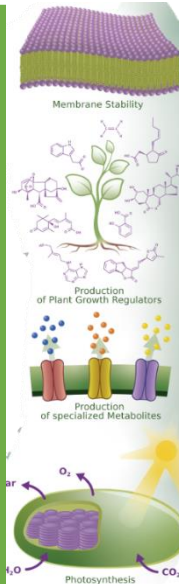
## Level Tissular/Cellular

6. Membrane Stability

7. Production of specialized Metabolites

8. Production of Plant Growth Regulators

9. Photosynthetic Pigments and Photosynthesis



## Sweet Biostimulant

6. oligoxyloglucans, xylooligosaccharides

7. gellan gum and oligo-gellan, alginate, carrageenans, chitosan, oligoxyloglucans

8. alginates and oligo-alginates

9. gellan gum and oligo-gellan, alginates and oligo-alginates, microalgal polysaccharides, oligoxyloglucans, pectins and derived oligosaccharides



# Mode d'action glycomolécules?



Level Tissular/Cellular	Sweet Immunity	Sweet Biostimulant
<p><b>6. Membrane Stability</b></p> <p><b>7. Production of specialized Metabolites</b></p> <p><b>8. Production of Plant Growth Regulators</b></p> <p><b>9. Photosynthetic Pigments and Photosynthesis</b></p>	<p><b>6. No data</b></p> <p><b>7. bacterial and fungal D-glucans, rhamnan, PGN, LPS, chitosan, fungal glycoproteins, starch, alginates and oligo-alginates, oligomers of cellulose, AGP-rich extracts</b></p> <p><b>8. EPS, rhamnolipids, laminaran, ulvans, fucoidans, carrageenans, algal AGP-like fraction, xyloglucans, xylooligosaccharides, pectins and derived oligosaccharides</b></p> <p><b>9. No data</b></p>	<p><b>6. oligoxyloglucans, xylooligosaccharides</b></p> <p><b>7. gellan gum and oligo-gellan, alginates, carrageenans, chitosan, oligoxyloglucans</b></p> <p><b>8. alginates and oligo-alginates</b></p> <p><b>9. gellan gum and oligo-gellan, alginates and oligo-alginates, microalgal polysaccharides, oligoxyloglucans, pectins and derived oligosaccharides</b></p>

10. Reactive Oxygen Species (ROS)

11. Nitric oxide (NO)

12. Mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPK)

13. Ca<sup>2+</sup> signaling

14. SA and ET/JA-mediated signaling pathways

15. Others phytohormones (abscisic acid (ABA), auxins and cytokinins)

16. Protein phosphorylation

17. Antimicrobial (phytoalexin, defensin,...)

18. Pathogenesis-related protein (PR protein)

19. Antioxidant enzymes (SOD, CAT, APX, POD, GR, ...)

20. Phenylpropanoids pathways (PAL, PPO, LOX,...)



10. Reactive Oxygen Species (ROS)

11. Nitric oxide (NO)

12. Mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPK)

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15. Others phytohormones (abscisic acid (ABA), auxins and cytokinins)

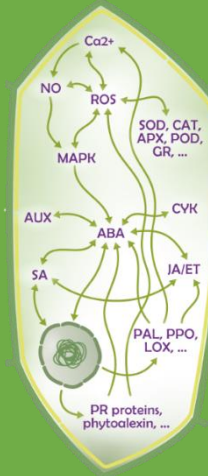
16. Protein phosphorylation

17. Antimicrobial (phytoalexin, defensin,...)

18. Pathogenesis-related protein (PR protein)

19. Antioxidant enzymes (SOD, CAT, APX, POD, GR, ...)

20. Phenylpropanoids pathways (PAL, PPO, LOX,...)



10. laminaran

11. No data

12. No data

13. No data

14. No data

15. alginates and oligo-alginates

16. No data

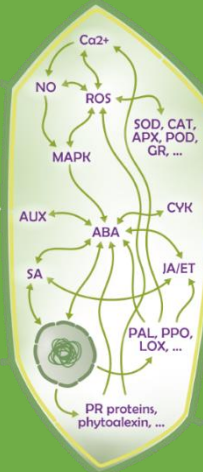
17. No data

18. No data

19. alginates and oligo-alginates, oligoxyloglucans, xylooligosaccharides

20. pectins and derived oligosaccharides

Level Molecular	Sweet Immunity	Sweet Biostimulant
<p>10. Reactive Oxygen Species (ROS)</p>	<p>10. EPS, PGN, LPS, rhamnolipids, chitosan, <b>laminaran</b>, alginates and oligo-alginates, ulvans, microalgal polysaccharides, oligomers of cellulose, xylooligosaccharides, arabinoxylan-oligosaccharides and mixed-linked glucans, oligomannans, pectins and derived oligosaccharides</p>	<p>10. <b>laminaran</b></p>
<p>11. Nitric oxide (NO)</p>	<p>11. PGN, LPS, chitosan, alginates and oligo-alginates, xylooligosaccharides, pectins and derived oligosaccharides</p>	<p>11. <b>No data</b></p>
<p>12. Mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPK)</p>	<p>12. PGN, chitin, oligomers of cellulose, xyloglucans, arabinoxylan-oligosaccharides and mixed-linked glucans, oligomannans</p>	<p>12. <b>No data</b></p>
<p>13. Ca<sup>2+</sup> signaling</p>	<p>13. PGN, LPS, rhamnolipids, laminaran, microalgal polysaccharides, oligomers of cellulose, arabinoxylan-oligosaccharides and mixed-linked glucans, oligomannans</p>	<p>13. <b>No data</b></p>
<p>14. SA and ET/JA-mediated signaling pathways</p>	<p>14. EPS, rhamnolipids, laminaran, ulvans, fucoidans, carrageenans, algal AGP-like fraction, xyloglucans, xylooligosaccharides, pectins and derived oligosaccharides</p>	<p>14. <b>No data</b></p>
<p>15. Others phytohormones (abscisic acid (ABA), auxins and cytokinins)</p>	<p>15. rhamnolipids, pectins and derived oligosaccharides</p>	<p>15. alginates and oligo-alginates</p>
<p>16. Protein phosphorylation</p>	<p>16. PGN</p>	<p>16. <b>No data</b></p>
<p>17. Antimicrobial (phytoalexin, defensin,...)</p>	<p>17. bacterial and fungal D-glucans, rhamnan, chitosan, fungal glycoproteins, laminaran, alginates and oligo-alginates, ulvans, fucoidans, xyloglucans, pectins and derived oligosaccharides</p>	<p>17. <b>No data</b></p>
<p>18. Pathogenesis-related protein (PR protein)</p>	<p>18. LPS, rhamnolipids, fungal D-glucans, chitosan, chitin, laminaran, fucoidans, oligomers of cellulose, xyloglucans</p>	<p>18. <b>No data</b></p>
<p>19. Antioxidant enzymes (SOD, CAT, APX, POD, GR, ...)</p>	<p>19. xanthan, fungal glycoproteins, <b>alginates and oligo-alginates</b>, ulvans, microalgal polysaccharides, fructans</p>	<p>19. <b>alginates and oligo-alginates</b>, oligoxyloglucans, xylooligosaccharides</p>
<p>20. Phenylpropanoids pathways (PAL, PPO, LOX,...)</p>	<p>20. bacterial and fungal D-glucans, chitin, fucoidans, microalgal polysaccharides</p>	<p>20. pectins and derived oligosaccharides</p>



# Sweet biostimulation



**Au niveau  
phénologique**



Germination



Plant growth



Flowering  
and fruiting



Nutrient uptake



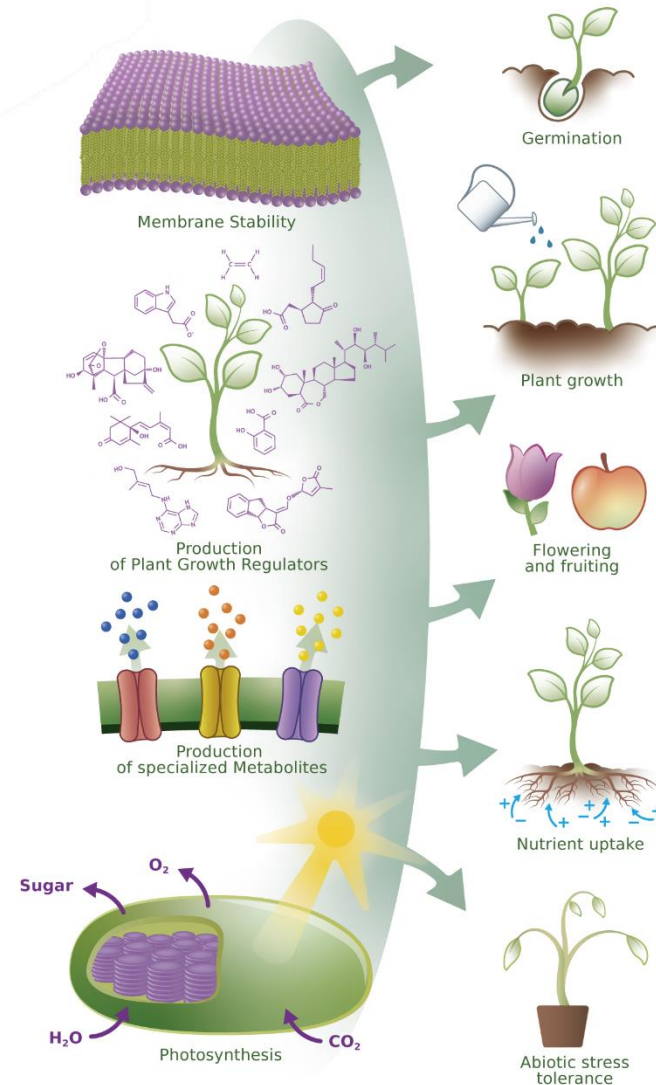
Abiotic stress  
tolerance

# Sweet biostimulation



**Au niveau  
phénologique**

**Au niveau  
cellulaire/tissulaire**



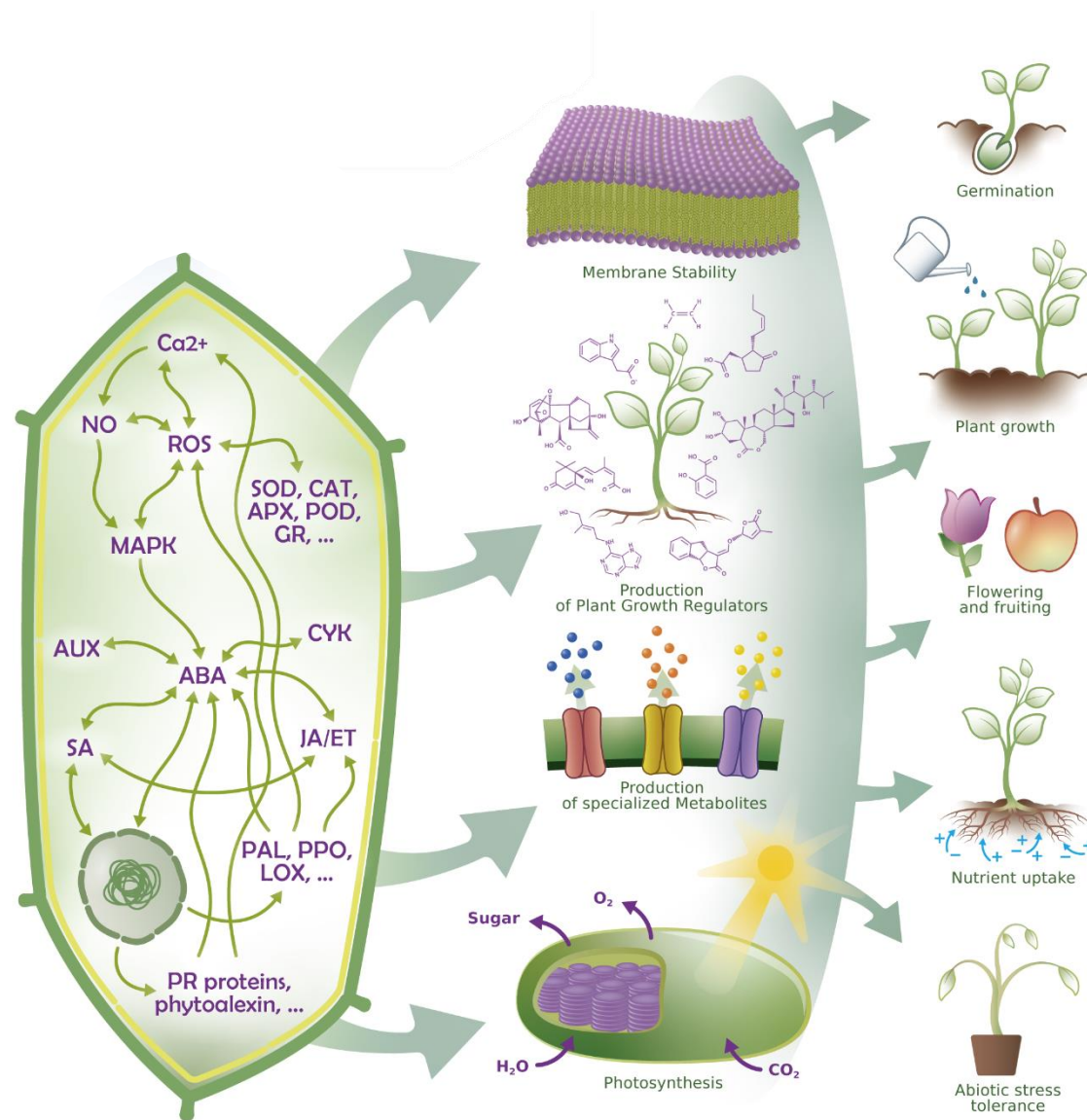
# Sweet biostimulation



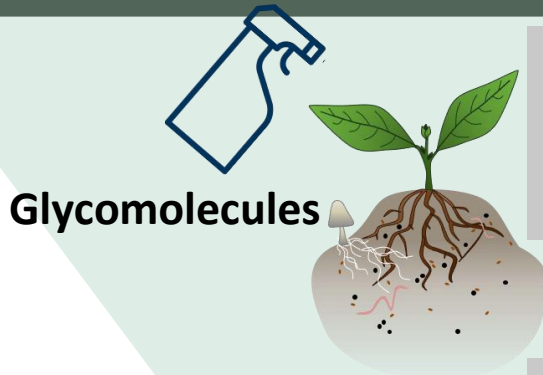
Au niveau  
phénologique

Au niveau  
cellulaire/tissulaire

Au niveau  
moléculaire



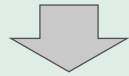
# Sweet biostimulation



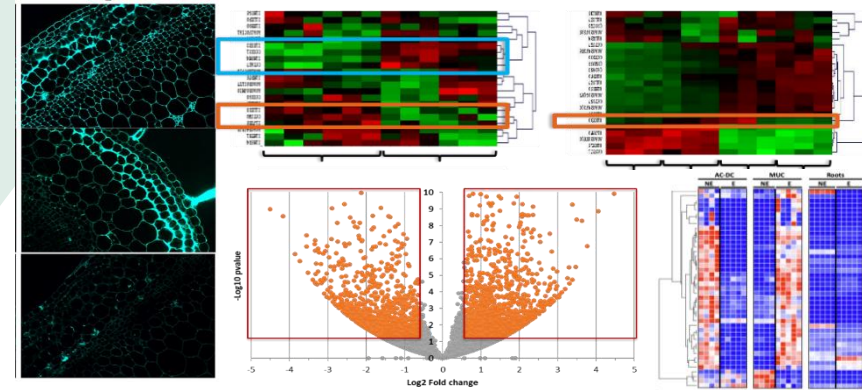
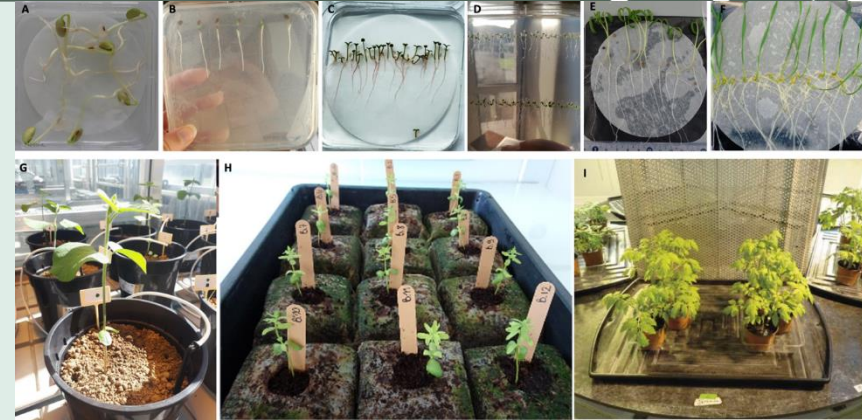
*in vitro* and semi-controlled culture devices



- Phenomics



- Glycomics  
- Metabolomics  
- Proteomics  
- Transcriptomics  
- Ionomics



BIOMOLECULE



- BIOstimulants and GlycoMOLECULEs: implication and tools for plant biostimulation
- Février 2023 – Février 2026
- Etudier les activités biostimulantes de glycomolécules en cultures *in vitro* et semi contrôlées → Etude des modes d'action des substances choisies en multi-omics (glycomics, metabolomics, proteomics, transcriptomics et ionomics)

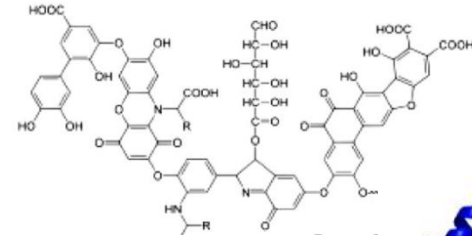


# Objectifs



## Biostimulants

Substances humiques

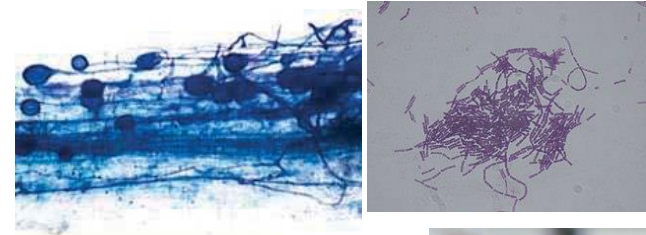


Aminoacides et dérivés protéiques



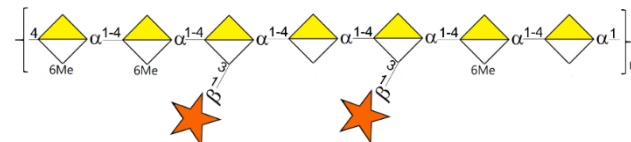
Molécules inorganiques non nutritives **Al, Co, Se, Si,...**

Microorganismes



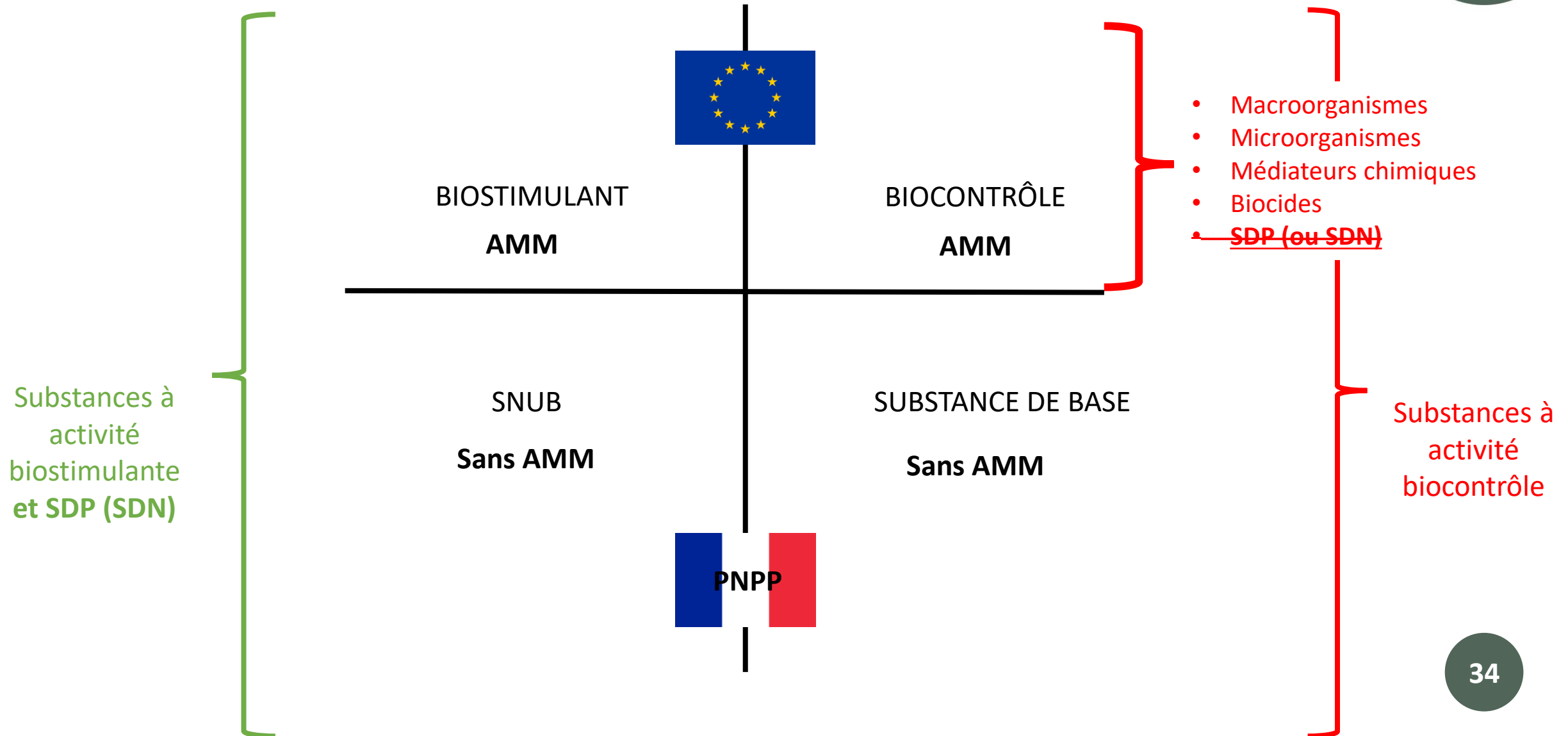
Extraits de plantes terrestres et d'algues

**Glycomolécules**



# Objectifs

Contribuer à une évolution réglementaire ?





To be continued...



Des questions?

